ANALYSIS OF 2019 ANS OIL SAMPLE

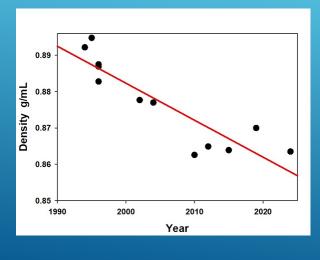
Merv Fingas Spill Science

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BACKGROUND

- ► PWS RCAC requested Environment Canada to perform an oil analysis of an ANS sample taken from 2024
- ► Analysis sent to Merv Fingas to analyze and report on

SUMMARY – ANS TURNED INTO A LIGHTER OIL IN THE PAST DECADE

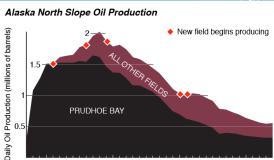


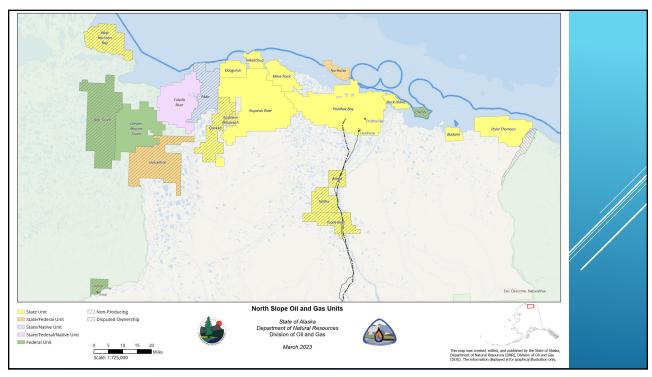
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ORIGIN OF THE CHANGE

- ► The North Slope has several different oil fields with slightly different properties
- ► Around 2010 some of the heavier oil producing areas were terminated this lowered the density and viscosity of the output to the pipeline

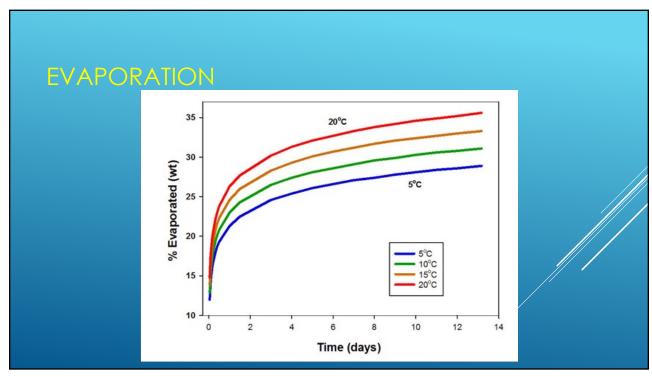
 Alaska North Slope Oil

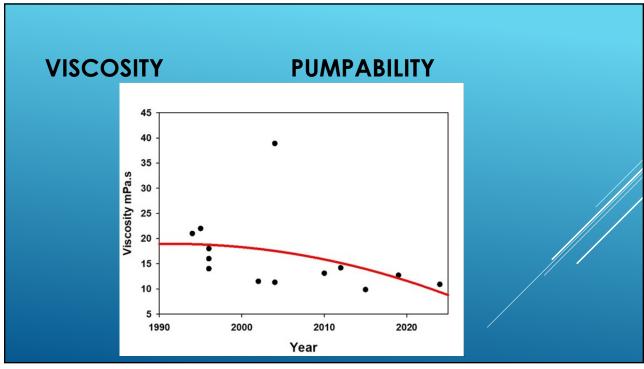


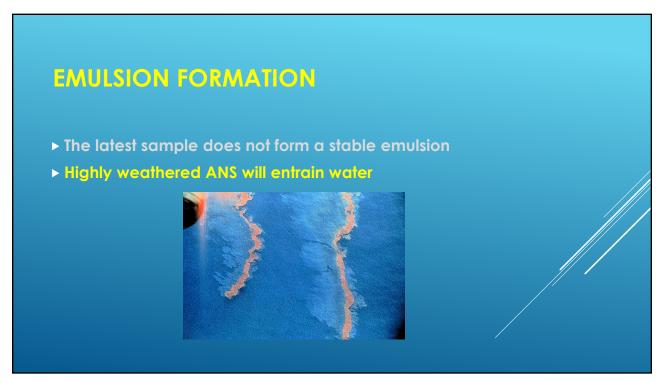


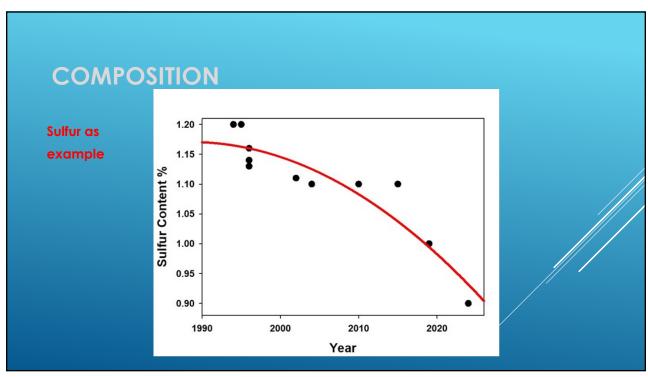
EFFECTS ON OIL PROPERTIES AND BEHAVIOR OF SPILLED OIL IN THE ENVIRONMENT

- ▶ 1. Evaporation
- ▶ 2. Viscosity
- ▶ 3. Emulsion Formation
- ▶ 4. Composition





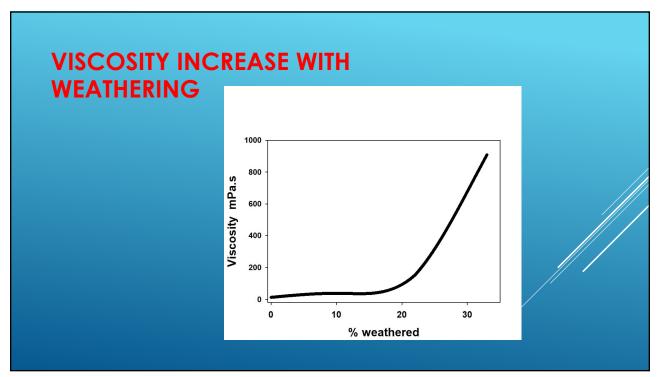


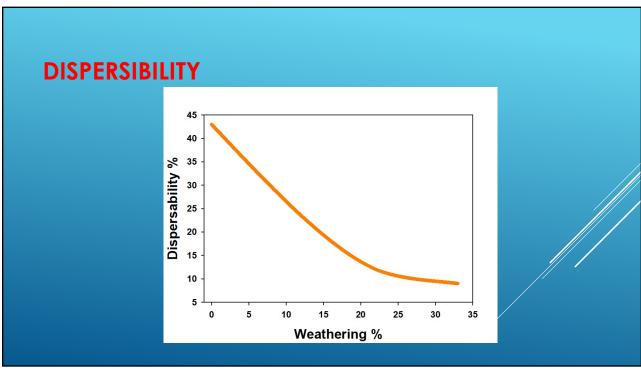


EFFECT ON SPILL BEHAVIOR, EFFECTS

- Evaporation recently about 33% would evaporate at 20°C (room temperature) over about 7 days
- ▶ Weathered ANS would not be dispersible
- Weathered ANS would be hard to recover (but easier than before)

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SUMMARY

- ▶ ANS has slowly turned into a lighter oil
- This is good for economics and oil spil countermeasures
- ► ANS is still an oil that when spilled is best dealt with booms and skimmers

